AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

This listing of claims replaces all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

LISTING OF CLAIMS

1. (currently amended) A system that facilitates control of a semiconductor process, comprising:

a control subsystem that controls at least a silicidation process of a semiconductor substrate; and

an analysis subsystem that analyzes a portion of the substrate at least in part during the silicidation process and sends a signal to the control subsystem, the analysis subsystem utilizing an interferometer.

- 2. (original) The system of claim 1, the analysis subsystem is a Fourier Transform Infrared (FTIR) analysis subsystem.
- 3. (original) The system of claim 1, the analysis subsystem is an ultraviolet FTIR analysis subsystem.
- 4. (original) The system of claim 1, the analysis subsystem sends the signal to the control subsystem to stop the silicidation process.
- 5. (original) The system of claim 1, the silicidation process includes a rapid thermal annealing (RTA) process.
- 6. (currently amended) The system of claim 1, the analysis subsystem utilizes an interferometer the control system controls silicide formation of the silicidation process with a tolerance factor of about 5 nm or less.

7. (original) The system of claim 1, the silicidation process utilizes a silicide selected from the group consisting of molybdenum, iron, platinum, niobium, hafnium, vanadium, zirconium, cobalt, titanium, and tantalum.

- 8. (original) The system of claim 1, the silicidation process utilizes a metallic silicide.
- 9. (original) The system of claim 1, the signal is transmitted from the analysis subsystem to the control subsystem via at least one of wired and wireless communication.
- 10. (original) The system of claim 1, the signal transmitted to the control subsystem initiates an orderly shutdown of the silicidation process.
- 11. (original) The system of claim 1, the control subsystem further comprises a monitor and control subsystem for monitor and control of the analysis subsystem, and a process control subsystem for monitor and control of the silicidation process.
- 12. (original) The system of claim 11, the monitor and control subsystem receives the signal and sends a corresponding signal to the process control subsystem to initiate shutdown thereof.
- 13. (original) The system of claim 11, the monitor and control subsystem includes a microscope for viewing a point of inspection of the substrate during the silicidation process.
- 14. (original) The system of claim 11, the monitor and control subsystem includes a presentation component that presents to a user a view of a point of inspection of the substrate during the silicidation process.

15. (original) The system of claim 11, the monitor and control subsystem includes a database of spectra data used to determine a state of the silicidation process.

- 16. (original) The system of claim 1, the analysis subsystem performs analysis of silicide formation during the silicidation process.
- 17. (original) The system of claim 1, the control subsystem automatically controls a sampling rate of the analysis subsystem during the silicidation process.
- 18. (original) The system of claim 1, the control subsystem automatically varies a sampling rate of the analysis subsystem in accordance with the time remaining to complete the silicidation process.
- 19. (original) The system of claim 1, the control subsystem controls the silicidation process to diffuse the silicide to about one-half of a source junction depth.
- 20. (original) The system of claim 1, the control system controls silicide formation of the silicidation process to a depth from about 10 nm to about 140 nm.
- 21. (original) The system of claim 1, the control system controls silicide formation of the silicidation process with a tolerance factor of about 15 nm or less.
- 22. (original) The system of claim 1, the control system controls silicide formation of the silicidation process to a depth from about 20 nm to about 130 nm with a tolerance factor of about 10 nm or less.
- 23. (currently amended) A system that facilitates control of a semiconductor process, comprising:

means for controlling a silicidation process on a semiconductor substrate;

means for analyzing a portion of the substrate during the silicidation process, the analyzing means comprises means for analyzing the silicidation process with an interferometer;

means for determining a state of the silicidation process based upon the portion analyzed; and

means for sending a signal to control the silicidation process based upon the state.

- 24. (original) The system of claim 23, the analyzing means is an FTIR spectroscopy subsystem.
 - 25. (cancelled)
- 26. (original) The system of claim 23, the analyzing means comprises means for detecting a wavelength of light emitted from a light source through the substrate.
- 27. (currently amended) A method of controlling a semiconductor process, comprising:

controlling a silicidation process on a semiconductor substrate;

determining a state of the process based upon the substrate analysis; and sending a signal to control the process based upon the state, the signal is sent in response to the process state determined to be within a ten percent tolerance factor of a desired silicide junction depth.

- 28. (original) The method of claim 27, the state of the process is determined using FTIR spectroscopy.
 - 29. (original) The method of claim 27, the process includes an RTA process.

30. (original) The method of claim 27, the signal stops the process.

- 31. (currently amended) The method of claim 27, the signal is sent in response to the process state determined to be within a ten percent tolerance factor of a desired silicide junction depth the control system controls silicide formation of the silicidation process to a depth from about 10 nm to about 140 nm.
- 32. (original) The method of claim 27, further comprising analyzing the substrate at a plurality of locations to determine the state of the process.
- 33. (original) The method of claim 27, further comprising comparing spectra data of the silicidation process with predetermined stored spectra data to determine the state of the process.
- 34. (original) The method of claim 27, the process state is controlled such that the silicide formation does not exceed fifty percent of a source junction depth.
- 35. (currently amended) A method of controlling a semiconductor process, comprising:

controlling a silicidation process on a semiconductor substrate;

monitoring the silicidation process at: i) at both the source and drain
regions substantially simultaneously or ii) at the source and drain regions interleavingly;
analyzing the substrate at a plurality of locations during the process;
comparing spectra data of the silicidation process with predetermined

stored spectra data;

determining a state of the process based upon the compared spectra data; and

sending a signal to control the process based upon the state.

36. (original) The method of claim 35, the state of the process is determined using FTIR spectroscopy.

- 37. (original) The method of claim 35, the process includes an RTA process.
- 38. (original) The method of claim 35, further comprising fabricating a grating structure at a polysilicon layer to facilitate analyzing the substrate.
- 39. (original) The method of claim 35, the state of the process based upon at least a depth of a silicide used in the silicidation process.
- 40. (original) The method of claim 39, the depth of the silicide not to exceed one-half of the deep implant junction depth.
- 41. (original) The method of claim 35, the silicidation process is applied to fabrication of at least one of a bulk MOSFET device and an SOI MOSFET device.
- 42. (original) The method of claim 35, further comprising monitoring the silicidation process at both the source and drain regions substantially simultaneously.
- 43. (original) The method of claim 35, further comprising monitoring the silicidation process at the source and drain regions interleavingly.
- 44. (original) The method of claim 35, the silicidation process is controlled to form silicide to a depth from about 30 nm to about 120 nm with a tolerance factor of about 5 nm or less.
- 45. (new) A system that facilitates control of a semiconductor process, comprising:

a control subsystem that controls at least a silicidation process of a semiconductor substrate, the control system controls silicide formation of the silicidation process to a depth from about 10 nm to about 140 nm; and

an analysis subsystem that analyzes a portion of the substrate at least in part during the silicidation process and sends a signal to the control subsystem.